

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **Concentrated Toilet Fluid**

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Concentrated Toilet Fluid
Other names / Synonyms: Chemical Toilet Fluid

Product no.: MBCTC001

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or Cleaning product

*mixture:* Restricted to professional users.

Uses advised against: For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any

industrial, professional or consumer use other than the identified

uses above

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company and address: Autosmart Australia

11 Darrambal Close NSW 2283 Rathmines

Australia

Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)

autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au

Contact person: Russell Butler

*E-mail:* SHREQ@autosmart.co.uk

 SDS date:
 9/7/2025

 SDS Version:
 1.0

1.4. Emergency telephone number

In an Emergency call 000

NCEC - For Chemical Emergency Support ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), Call NCEC at 1800 074 234 (toll free 24Hrs) - when calling please quote "AUTOSMART 29003-NCEC"

Local number +61 (0)2 8 014 4558

General Information. Transport Information. Mild medical Information:-Autosmart Australia, Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)

National Emergency Telephone Number:

In less severe situations call the Poisons Information Centre / Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26 (Available 24/7 from anywhere is Australia)

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

This material is considered hazardous according to the Work Health and Safety Regulations.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Tox. 4; H302, Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Corr. 1B; H314, Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1; H318, Causes serious eye damage. Aquatic Acute 1; H400, Very toxic to aquatic life.



Aquatic Chronic 3; H412, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s):

E !

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s): Harmful if swallowed. (H302)

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. (H314)

Very toxic to aquatic life. (H400)

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (H412)

Precautionary statement(s):

General: -

Prevention: Do not breathe vapour/mist. (P260)

Avoid release to the environment. (P273)

Wear face protection/protective gloves. (P280)

Response: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower. (P303+P361+P353)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

(P305+P351+P338)

Storage: -

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

(P501)

Hazardous substances: Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated Eucalyptus globulus oil

dipentene;trans-1-methyl-4-(1-methylvinyl)cyclohexene;(S)-p-

mentha-1,8-diene;(±)-1-methyl-4-(1-

methylvinyl)cyclohexene;limonene;l-limonene

Oils, pine

3-p-cumenyl-2-methylpropionaldehyde

Coumarin

Additional labelling: Not applicable.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Product/substance:	Identifiers:	% w/w:	Classification:	Note:
Alkyldimethylbenzylammoniu m chloride	CAS No.: 8001-54-5 EC No.: 616-786-9	25-40%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	CAS No.: 68439-46-3 EC No.: 614-482-0	5-10%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[19]
Oils, pine	CAS No.: 8002-09-3 EC No.: 616-792-1	<1%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[19]
Eucalyptus globulus oil	CAS No.: 8000-48-4	<1%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[19]



	EC No.: 616-775-9		Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	
dipentene;trans-1-methyl-4- (1- methylvinyl)cyclohexene;(S)-p- mentha-1,8-diene;(±)-1- methyl-4-(1- methylvinyl)cyclohexene;limo nene;l-limonene	CAS No.: 138-86-3 EC No.: 205-341-0	<1%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	
Oils, pine	CAS No.: 8002-09-3 EC No.: 616-792-1	<1%	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[19]
3-p-cumenyl-2- methylpropionaldehyde	CAS No.: 103-95-7 EC No.: 203-161-7	<1%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	
Coumarin	CAS No.: 91-64-5 EC No.: 202-086-7	<1%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317	

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

#### Other information

[19] UVCB = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

4.1.	Description	of first aid	measures

General information: In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department –

bring the label or this safety data sheet.

Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or

other drink.

*Inhalation:* Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring

the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.

Skin contact: Flush exposed area with water for a long time - at least 30 minutes.

It may be necessary to flush for several hours. Use a comfortable

water temperature (20-30 °C). Contact Poison

Information/doctor/hospital for further advice on follow-up and

treatment.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser

can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact: If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water or salt water (20-30 °C) for

at least 30 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure you flush under the upper and lower eyelids. Seek medical assistance immediately and continue flushing

during transport.

*Ingestion:* In the case of ingestion, contact a doctor immediately. If the person

is conscious, give them water. DO NOT try to induce vomiting unless this is recommended by a doctor. Hold head facing down to prevent vomit from returning to the mouth and throat. Prevent shock by



keeping the injured person warm and calm. Initiate immediate resuscitation if breathing stops. If unconscious, roll the injured person into recovery position. Call an ambulance.

Burns: Not applicable.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Tissue-damaging effects: This product contains substances with skin corrosive properties. Inhaled vapour or aerosols may produce adverse effects to lungs, irritations and burns in the respiratory organs as well as coughing. Dermal contact and contact with the eye cause irreversible effects.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

#### Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Not applicable.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure call the NSW Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Available 24/7) in order to obtain further advice. Hazchem Code: 2X

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Contaminated areas may be slippery.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of leakage to the surroundings, contact local environmental authorities.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

It is recommended to install waste collection trays in order to prevent emissions to the waste water system and surrounding environment.

Avoid direct contact with the product.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.



Recommended storage material: Keep only in original packaging.

Storage conditions: Dry, cool and well ventilated

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong

reducing agents.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

Propane-1,2-diol

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 150 Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 10

Diethyl phthalate

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 5

Bornan-2-one

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 2 Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 12 Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 3 Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 19

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants (Safe Work Australia). (January 2024)

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations: Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the

work area.

Exposure scenarios: There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

Exposure limits: Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum

concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene

limit values above.

Appropriate technical measures: The formation of vapours must be kept at a minimum and below

current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure eyewash and emergency showers are clearly

marked.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are located within

easy reach.

Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid

inhalation of vapours.

Hygiene measures: In between use of the product and at the end of the working day all

exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Pay special

attention to hands, forearms and face.

Measures to avoid environmental exposure: Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible, collect

spillage during work.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Generally: Use only protective equipment that carries the RCM symbol.

Respiratory Equipment:

Туре:	Class:	Colour:	Standards:	•
Respiratory protection is not needed in the event of adequate ventilation.				



Skin protection:

Recommended:	Type/Category:	Standards:	:
No special when used as intended.	-	-	

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

### Hand protection:

Material:	Glove thickness (mm):	Breakthrough time (min.):	Standards:	:
Nitrile	0,2	> 30	EN374-2, EN16523-1, EN388	

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. The choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: > 0.2 mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 2 hours. Glove thickness is not necessarily a good measure of glove resistance as the permeation rate will depend on the exact glove composition. Repeated exposure to chemicals will degrade the ability of the glove to provide resistance to chemicals. Specific work environments and material handling practices may vary, therefore safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Use thin cotton gloves inside natural rubber gloves if there is an allergy risk to natural rubber.

Eye protection:

Туре:	Standards:	:
Face shield alternatively safety glasses with side shields.	EN166	

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Liquid
Colour: Blue

Odour: Characteristic
Odour threshold (ppm): No data available.

pH: 8

*pH in solution:* 8 (1%) *Density (g/cm³):* 0.925

Relative density: 0.925 (20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity: No data available.

Particle characteristics: Does not apply to liquids.

### **Phase changes**



*Melting point/Freezing point (°C):* 0

Softening point/range (°C): Does not apply to liquids.

Boiling point (°C): 100

Vapour pressure:No data available.Relative vapour density:No data available.Decomposition temperature (°C):No data available.

Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flash point (°C):

Flammability (°C):

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

Explosion limits (% v/v):

No data available.

**Solubility** 

Solubility in water: Soluble

n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow): No data available. Solubility in fat (g/L): No data available.

9.2. Other information

*VOC (g/L):* 14

Other physical and chemical parameters: No data available.

Oxidizing properties: No data available.

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition may produce corrosive vapours.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Product/substance Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride

Species: Rat Route of exposure: Oral Test: LD50

Result: 280 - 305 mg/kg bw

Product/substance Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride

Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Dermal
Test: LD50



Result: 930 mg/kg bw

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol

Species: Rat Route of exposure: Oral Test: LD50

Result: 22,000 mg/kg

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol

Species: Rabbit Route of exposure: Dermal

Test: LD50
Result: 2001 mg/kg

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol

Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Inhalation
Test: LC50

Result: 317.042 mg/kg

Product/substance Oils, pine Species: Rat Route of exposure: Oral

Test: LD50
Result: 3200 mg/kg

Product/substance Oils, pine
Species: Rabbit
Route of exposure: Dermal
Test: LD50
Result: 5000 mg/kg

Product/substance Oils, pine
Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Inhalation
Test: LC50 (4 hours)
Result: > 3.79 mg/L

Harmful if swallowed.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

### Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Coumarin has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Aspiration hazard**



Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Long term effects

Tissue-damaging effects: This product contains substances with skin corrosive properties. Inhaled vapour or aerosols may produce adverse effects to lungs, irritations and burns in the respiratory organs as well as coughing. Dermal contact and contact with the eye cause irreversible effects.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol Species: Daphnia Duration: 48 hours Test: EC50 Result: 43,500 mg/L

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol Test method: OECD 203

Species: Fish, Oncorhynchus mykiss

 Duration:
 96 hours

 Test:
 LC50

 Result:
 40,613 mg/L

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol Test method: OECD 202

Species: Daphnia, Ceriodaphnia dubia

 Duration:
 48 hours

 Test:
 LC50

 Result:
 18,340 mg/L

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol Test method: OECD 201

Species: Algae, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Duration: 96 hours Result: 19000 mg/L

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol

Species: Bacteria, Pseudomonas putida

Duration: 18 hours
Test: NOEC
Result: 20001 mg/L

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol

Species: Daphnia, Ceriodaphnia dubia

Duration: 7 days
Test: NOEC
Result: 13020 mg/L

Product/substance Oils, pine

Species: Crustacean, Daphnia magna

 Duration:
 48 hours

 Test:
 EC50

 Result:
 17 - 28 mg/L

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol

Duration: 28 days Result: 81.7 % Conclusion: -

Test: OECD 301 F

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential



Product/substance Propane-1,2-diol

BCF: 0.09 LogKow: -1.07 Conclusion: -

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

This product contains substances that are toxic to the environment. May result in adverse effects to aquatic organisms.

This product contains substances, which may cause adverse long-term effects to the aquatic environment.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### Specific labelling

**Contaminated packing** 

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

:	14.1 UN / ID:	14.2 UN proper shipping name:	14.3 Hazard class(es):	14.4 PG*:	14.5 Env**:	Other informatio n::
ADG	UN1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride)	Transport hazard class: 8 Label: 8 Classification code: C9	II	Yes	Limited quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (E) See below for additional information .
IMDG	UN1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride)	Transport hazard class: 8 Label: 8 Classification code: C9	II	Yes	Limited quantities: 1 L EmS: F-A S-B See below for additional information .
IATA	UN1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride)	Transport hazard class: 8 Label: 8 Classification code: C9	п	Yes	See below for additional information



	-		-	Env**:	Other informatio n::

<sup>\*</sup> Packing group

### **Additional information**

This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods.

ADR / See Table A, section 3.2.1 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See section 5.4.3, for instructions in writing regarding mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport.

IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

Hazchem Code: 2X

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

*Restrictions for application:* Restricted to professional users.

People under the age of 18 shall not be exposed to this product.

Demands for specific education:

No specific requirements.

Control of major hazard facilities: Not applicable.

Additional information: Not applicable.

The Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals (AIIC):

Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride is listed

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated is listed

Oils, pine is listed Propane-1,2-diol is listed Diethyl phthalate is listed Eucalyptus globulus oil is listed

dipentene;trans-1-methyl-4-(1-methylvinyl)cyclohexene;(S)-p-

mentha-1,8-diene;(±)-1-methyl-4-(1-

methylvinyl)cyclohexene;limonene;l-limonene is listed

Oils, pine is listed Bornan-2-one is listed

3-p-cumenyl-2-methylpropionaldehyde is listed

Coumarin is listed

SUSMP: Schedule 6. Poisons.

Sources: Model Work Health and Safety Regulations as at 1 January 2021.

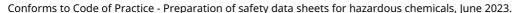
### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

### Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

<sup>\*\*</sup> Environmental hazards





H226, Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302, Harmful if swallowed.

H304, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312, Harmful in contact with skin.

H314, Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315, Causes skin irritation.

H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318, Causes serious eye damage.

H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

#### The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

None known.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADG = The Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail

AICIS = Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme

AIIC = Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

AS = Australian Standard

AS/NZS = Australian New Zealand Standard

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

AUH = Hazard statements specific for Australia

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

Hazchem = Hazardous chemicals

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the

Protocol of 1978. (""Marpol"" = marine pollution)

NICNAS = National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (replaced by AICIS since 2020)

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

RCM = Regulatory Mark of Conformity

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SCL = A specific concentration limit

STEL = Short-term exposure limits

STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

SUSMP = Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

TWA = Time weighted average

UN = United Nations

UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WHS = Work Health and Safety Regulations

### **Additional information**

The classification of the mixture in regard of health hazards is in accordance with the calculation methods given by the Work Health and Safety Regulations.

### The safety data sheet is validated by

Adrian

#### Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: AU-en